

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M(TM) Avagard(TM) w/ Chlorhexidine Gluconate (CHG) Surgical and Healthcare Personnel Hand Antiseptic, 9200, 9200C, 9208 & 9210

Product Identification Numbers

70-2007-1856-0 70-2007-4587-8 70-2007-6212-1 70-2007-8364-8 AH-0105-9672-6 AH-0105-9673-4 HB-0043-4747-0 HB-0043-4748-8 NH-0700-0706-5 XH-0024-1804-0

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Hand Cleanser

Restrictions on use

Not Applicable

1.3. Supplier's details

Company: 3M Canada Company

Division: Infection Prevention Division

Address: 1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1

Telephone: (800) 364-3577 **Website:** www.3M.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone: (519) 451-2500, Ext. 2222; Transportation Emergency Telephone (CANUTEC): (613) 996-6666

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 2.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark |

Pictograms



Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children. Read label before use. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention:

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON centre or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	55 - 65
Water	7732-18-5	20 - 35
Docosyl alcohol	661-19-8	< 2
Fatty acids	103213-20-3	< 2
Glycols, polyethylene, monodocosyl	26636-40-8	< 2
ether		
Polyethylene glycol	25322-68-3	< 2
Squalane	111-01-3	< 2
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	18472-51-0	1

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

No need for first aid is anticipated.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u> Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide Condition

During Combustion
During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam designed for use on solvents, such as alcohols and acetone, that can dissolve in water. An AR - AFFF type foam is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Do not get in eyes. Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Polyethylene glycol	25322-68-3	AIHA	TWA(as particulate):10	
			mg/m3	
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	ACGIH	STEL:1000 ppm	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Under normal use conditions, eye exposure is not expected to be significant enough to

require eye protection. Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

No protective gloves required.

Respiratory protection

Under normal use conditions, airborne exposures are not expected to be significant enough to require respiratory protection. An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance/Odour White viscous liquid with slight alcohol odour.

Odour threshold No Data Available

pH 6

Melting point/Freezing point

Not Applicable

Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range 77.8 °C

Flash Point 21 °C [Test Method: Closed Cup] [Details: (21 degrees C)]

Evaporation rate 1.4 [Ref Std:BUOAC=1]

Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammable Limits(LEL)

Flammable Limits(UEL)

Vanour Pressure

Not Applicable
3.28 % volumen
19 % volumen
186158 4 Pa [@]

 Vapour Pressure
 186158.4 Pa [@ 55 °C]

 Vapour Density
 1.6 [Ref Std:AIR=1]

Density 0.83 g/ml

Relative density 0.83 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

Water solubility Moderate
Solubility- non-water No Data Available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water No Data Available

Autoignition temperature 799 °C

Decomposition temperatureNo Data Available

Viscosity 50,000 - 250,000 mPa-s [@ 23 °C]

Molecular weight No Data Available

Volatile Organic Compounds496 g/lPercent volatile90 % pesoVOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents630 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Additional Information:

This product contains ethanol. Alcoholic beverages and ethanol in alcoholic beverages have been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as carcinogenic to humans. There are also data associating human

consumption of alcoholic beverages with developmental toxicity and liver toxicity. Exposure to ethanol during the foreseeable use of this product is not expected to cause cancer, developmental toxicity, or liver toxicity.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Ethyl alcohol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,800 mg/kg
Ethyl alcohol	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 124.7 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Ethyl alcohol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 17,800 mg/kg
Glycols, polyethylene, monodocosyl ether	Dermal	Professio nal judgeme nt	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Glycols, polyethylene, monodocosyl ether	Ingestion	similar compoun ds	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Polyethylene glycol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 20,000 mg/kg
Polyethylene glycol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 32,770 mg/kg
Docosyl alcohol	Dermal	Professio	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
		nal	
		judgeme nt	
Docosyl alcohol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Fatty acids	Dermal	Professio	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
		nal	, , ,
		judgeme	
		nt	
Squalane	Dermal	Professio	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
		nal	
		judgeme	
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	Dermal	nt Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,000 mg/kg
		Rat	LD50 2,000 mg/kg LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Fatty acids Squalane	Ingestion Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Squaiane	Ingestion	Nat	LD30 ~ 2,000 Hig/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Overall product	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Ethyl alcohol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polyethylene glycol	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Fatty acids	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Ethyl alcohol	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Polyethylene glycol	Rabbit	Mild irritant
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	Rabbit	Corrosive
Fatty acids	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Overall product	Guinea	Not classified

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	pig	
Ethyl alcohol	Human	Not classified
Polyethylene glycol	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	Human and	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
	animal	

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Germ Cen Mutagementy				
Name	Route	Value		
Ethyl alcohol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
Ethyl alcohol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
Polyethylene glycol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Polyethylene glycol	In vivo	Not mutagenic		
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	In vivo	Not mutagenic		

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Ethyl alcohol	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Polyethylene glycol	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Ethyl alcohol	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 38 mg/l	during gestation
Ethyl alcohol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5,200 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Polyethylene glycol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,125 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Polyethylene glycol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 5699 +/- 1341 mg/kg/day	5 days
Polyethylene glycol	Not Specified	Not classified for reproduction and/or development		NOEL N/A	
Polyethylene glycol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 562 mg/animal/da y	during gestation
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 30 mg/kg/day	during gestation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

promo ranger organ romeny single enjoyare							
Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure	
						Duration	
Ethyl alcohol	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Human	LOAEL 2.6	30 minutes	
		system depression	dizziness		mg/l		

Ethyl alcohol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	LOAEL 9.4 mg/l	not available
Ethyl alcohol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL not available	
Ethyl alcohol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg	
Polyethylene glycol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.008 mg/l	2 weeks
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Ethyl alcohol	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	LOAEL 124 mg/l	365 days
Ethyl alcohol	Inhalation	hematopoietic system immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/l	14 days
Ethyl alcohol	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 8,000 mg/kg/day	4 months
Ethyl alcohol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg/day	7 days
Polyethylene glycol	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.008 mg/l	2 weeks
Polyethylene glycol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5,640 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 0.89 mg/kg/day	1 years
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 71 mg/kg/day	2 years
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE	Ingestion	hematopoietic system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 71 mg/kg/day	2 years

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information.

SECTION 16: Other information

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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